



I FOUND THE HUGS BISON.

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Di-Higgs Production at the LHC: Theory vs. Experiment

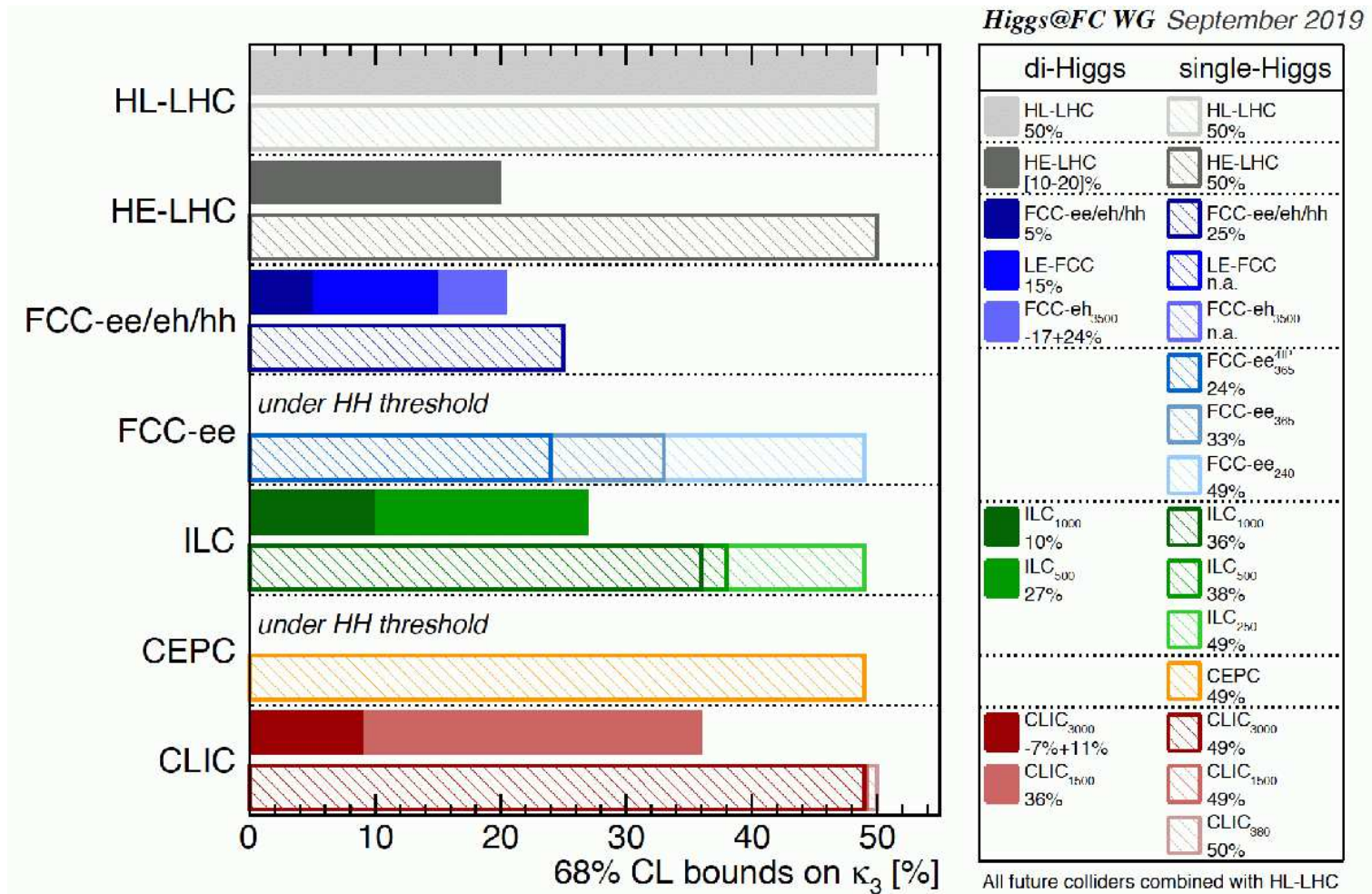
Sven Heinemeyer, IFT (CSIC, Madrid)

Lisbon, 09/2024

1. Introduction
2. Resonant di-Higgs production: theory vs. experiment
3. My first Neural Network analysis
4. Conclusions

1. Introduction

SM triple Higgs coupling: comparison of all colliders:

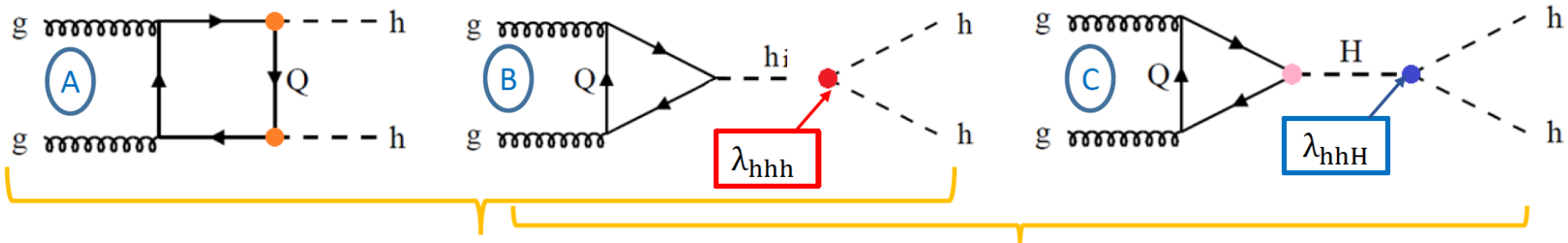


⇒ focus on “SM triple Higgs coupling”, $\kappa_\lambda := \lambda_{hhh} / \lambda_{hhh}^{\text{SM,tree}}$

BSM case 1: $\kappa_\lambda \neq 1$

BSM case 2: THC that involves BSM Higgses: λ_{hhH}, \dots

Di-Higgs production at the LHC:

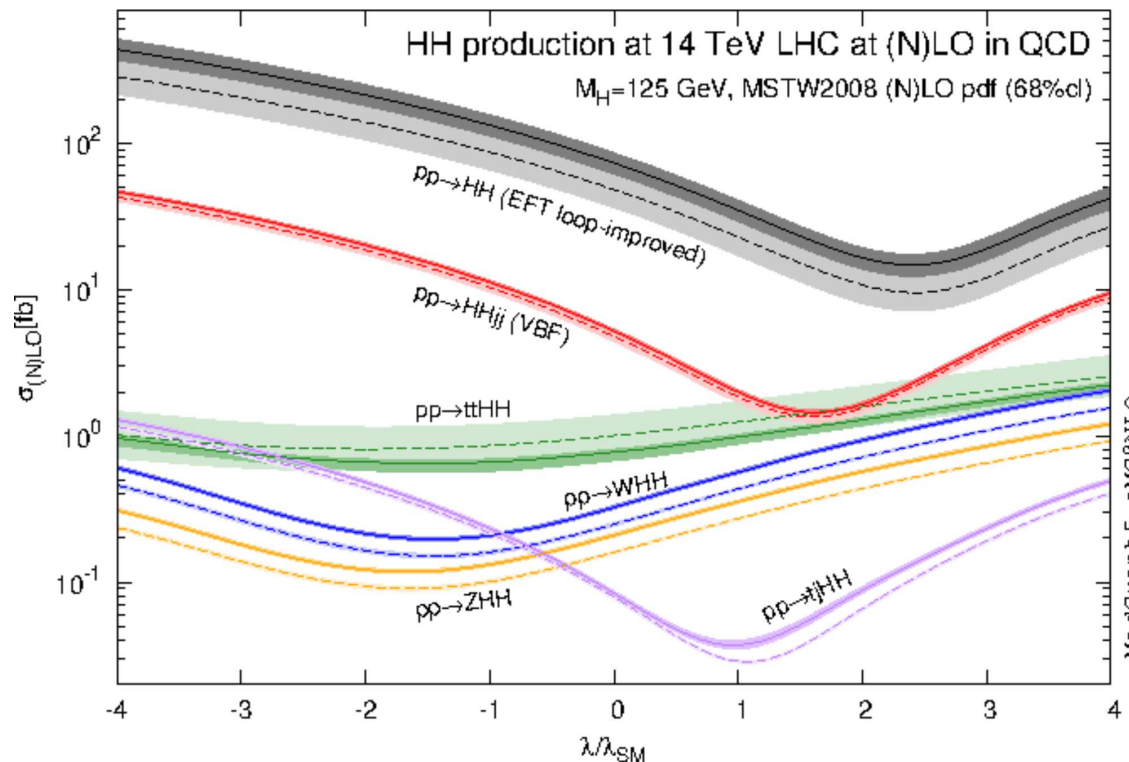


$\sigma_{SM} \sim 38 \text{ fb at NLO}$

Diagrams that exist in the SM:
They have a negative interference

Diagrams that are sensitive
to triple Higgs couplings

⇒ strong interference of “box” and “SM-like Higgs”



Resonant di-Higgs production requires BSM physics

Resonant di-Higgs production requires BSM physics

Two Higgs Doublet Model (2HDM):

Fields:

$$\Phi_1 = \begin{pmatrix} \phi_1^+ \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(v_1 + \rho_1 + i\eta_1) \end{pmatrix}, \quad \Phi_2 = \begin{pmatrix} \phi_2^+ \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(v_2 + \rho_2 + i\eta_2) \end{pmatrix}$$

Potential:

$$V = m_{11}^2 |\Phi_1|^2 + m_{22}^2 |\Phi_2|^2 - m_{12}^2 (\Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_2 + h.c.) + \frac{\lambda_1}{2} (\Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_1)^2 + \frac{\lambda_2}{2} (\Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_2)^2 \\ + \lambda_3 (\Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_1) (\Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_2) + \lambda_4 (\Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_2) (\Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_1) + \frac{\lambda_5}{2} [(\Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_2)^2 + h.c.]$$

Physical states: h , H , (CP -even), A (CP -odd), H^\pm (charged)

“Physical” input parameters:

$$c_{\beta-\alpha}, \quad \tan \beta, \quad v, \quad M_h, \quad M_H, \quad M_A, \quad M_{H^\pm}, \quad m_{12}^2$$

Alignment limit: $c_{\beta-\alpha} \rightarrow 0$ (for $M_h \sim 125$ GeV)

Many triple Higgs couplings: λ_{hhh} , λ_{hhH} , λ_{hHH} , $\lambda_{hH^+H^-}$, λ_{HAA} , \dots

Assumption: $h \sim h_{125}$

Z_2 symmetry to avoid FCNC:

$$\Phi_1 \rightarrow \Phi_1, \quad \Phi_2 \rightarrow -\Phi_2$$

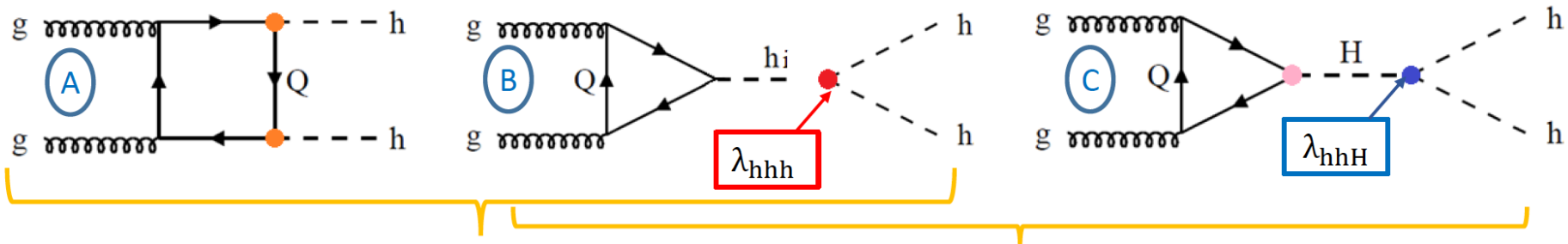
Extension of the Z_2 symmetry to fermions determines four types:

	u -type	d -type	leptons	
type I	Φ_2	Φ_2	Φ_2	
type II	Φ_2	Φ_1	Φ_1	\rightarrow SUSY type
type III (lepton-specific)	Φ_2	Φ_2	Φ_1	
type IV (flipped)	Φ_2	Φ_1	Φ_2	

Sum rule (with h SM-like): $\sin(\beta - \alpha) \approx 1, \cos(\beta - \alpha) \approx 0$

Unitarity/perturbativity and EWPO : $\Rightarrow M_A \sim M_H \sim M_{H^\pm}$

BSM THCs at the HL-LHC



$\sigma_{\text{SM}} \sim 38 \text{ fb at NLO}$

Diagrams that exist in the SM:
They have a negative interference

Diagrams that are sensitive
to triple Higgs couplings

⇒ possible strong resonance with BSM Higgs

Important: experimental limits are obtained for

- non-resonant production
- purely resonant production

⇒ no limits available for mixed scenarios :-)

⇒ existing exclusion bounds questionable!

Example model in this talk: **2HDM**

Similar results exist also for **RxSM** (Higgs singlet extension)

[S.H., A. Verduras PRELIMINARY]

2. Resonant di-Higgs production: theory vs. experiment:

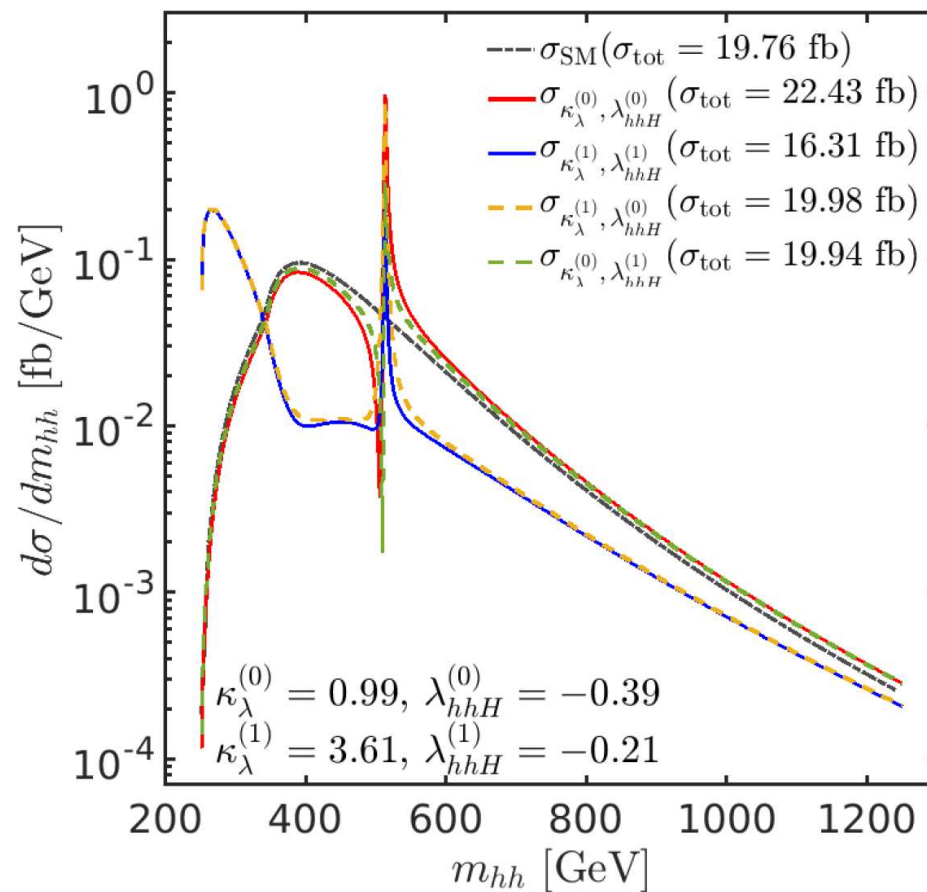
⇒ analyses so far focus on “SM THC”: $\kappa_\lambda := \lambda_{hhh}/\lambda_{hhh}^{\text{SM,tree}} \equiv 1$

BSM case 1: $\kappa_\lambda \neq 1$

BSM case 2: THC that involves BSM Higgses: λ_{hhH}, \dots

Example of m_{hh} distortions:

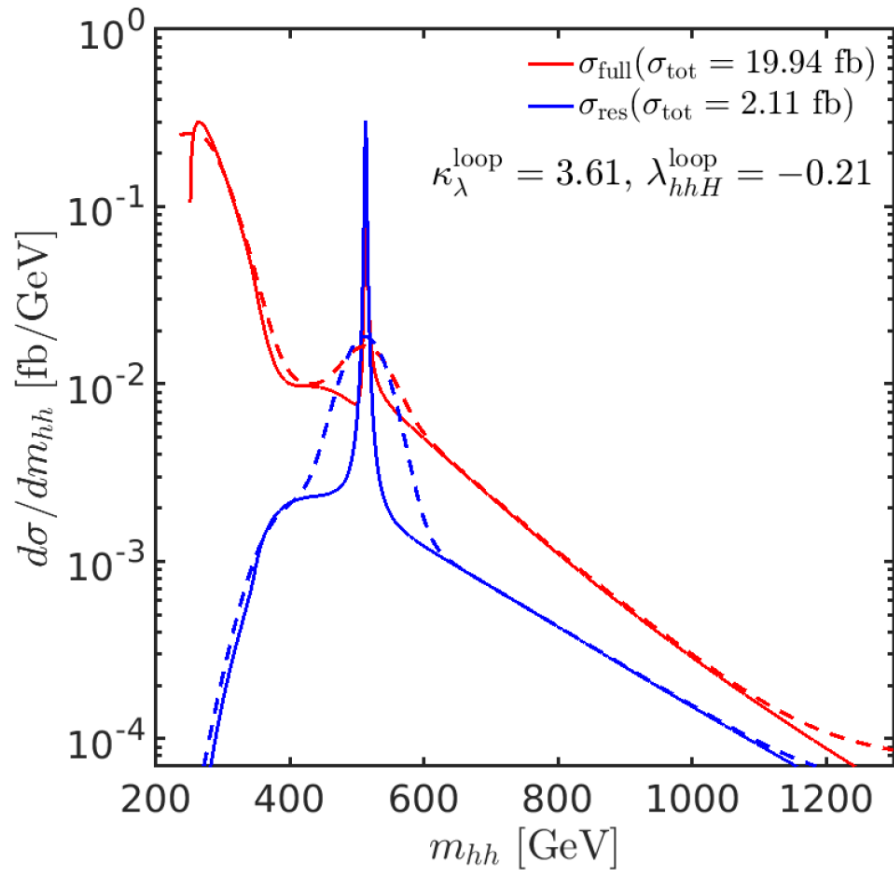
[S.H., M. Mühlleitner, K. Radchenko, G. Weiglein '24]



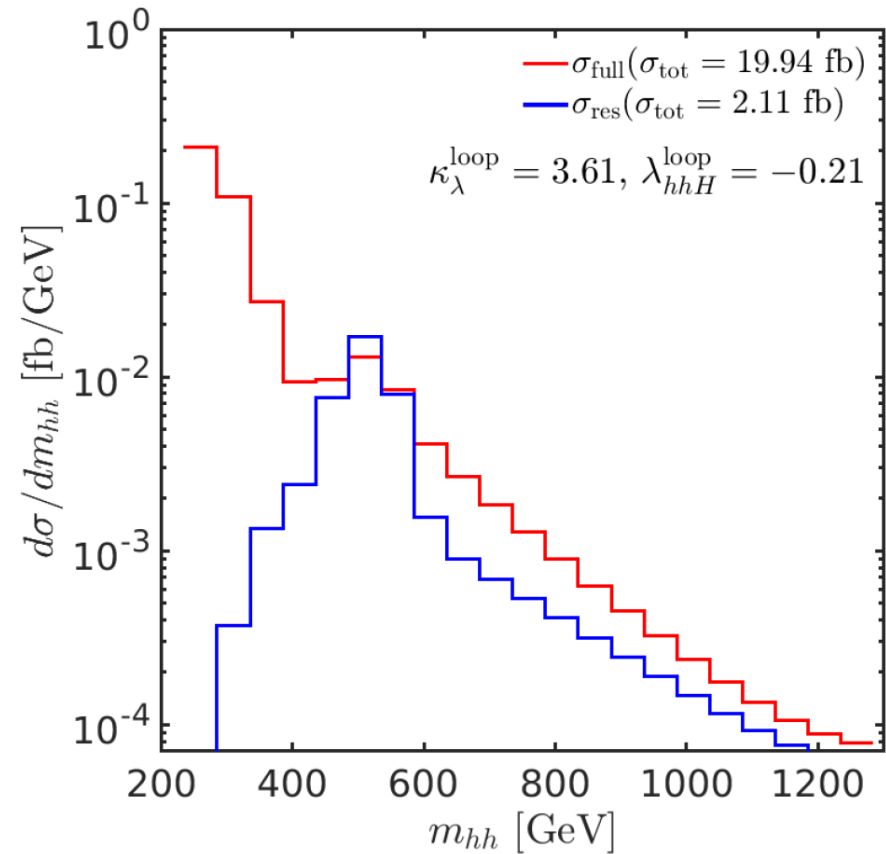
Experimental analysis vs. reality: including exp. uncertainties

[S.H., M. Mühlleitner, K. Radchenko, G. Weiglein '24]

smear



⊕ binned



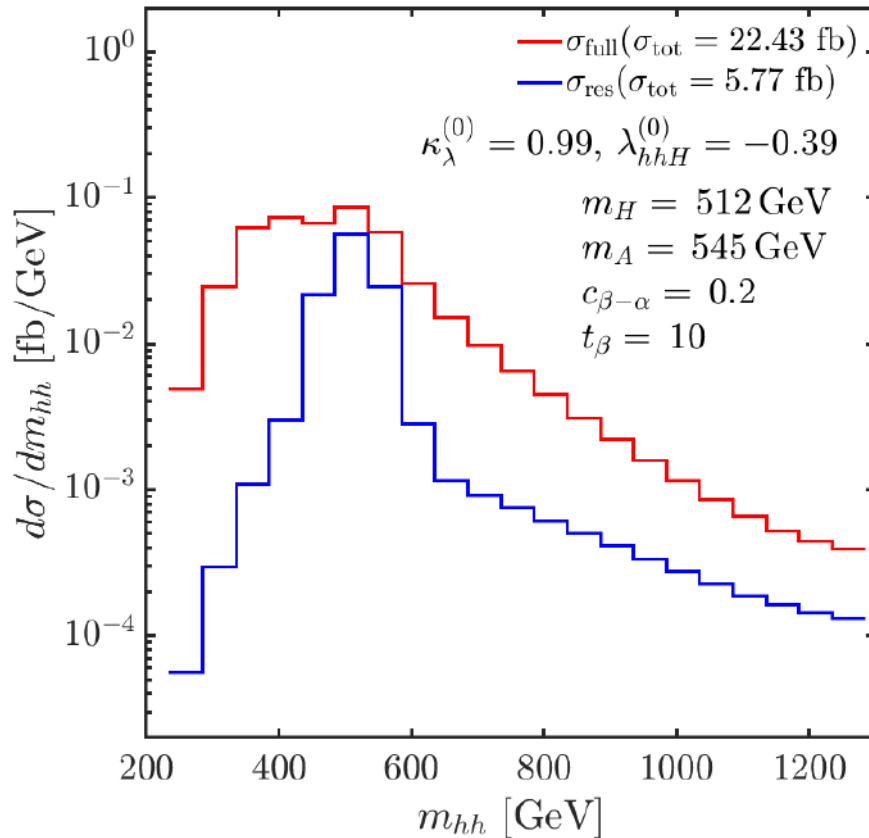
⇒ experimental analysis

⇒ full calculation

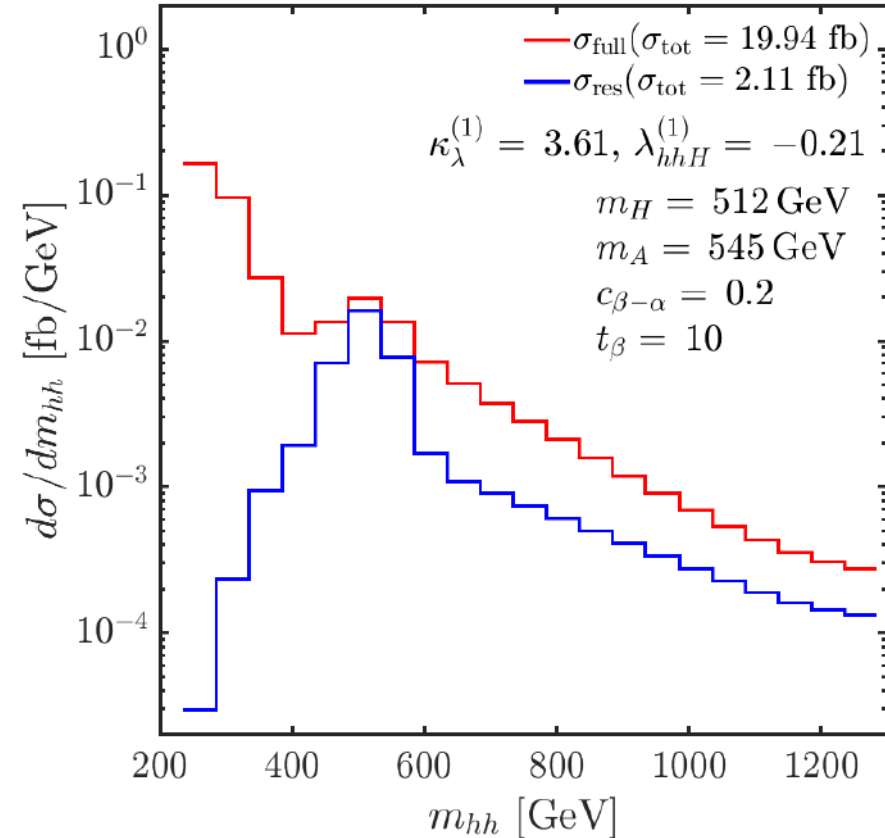
Experimental analysis vs. reality: relevance of loop corrections

[S.H., M. Mühlleitner, K. Radchenko, G. Weiglein '24]

THC tree-level



THC one-loop

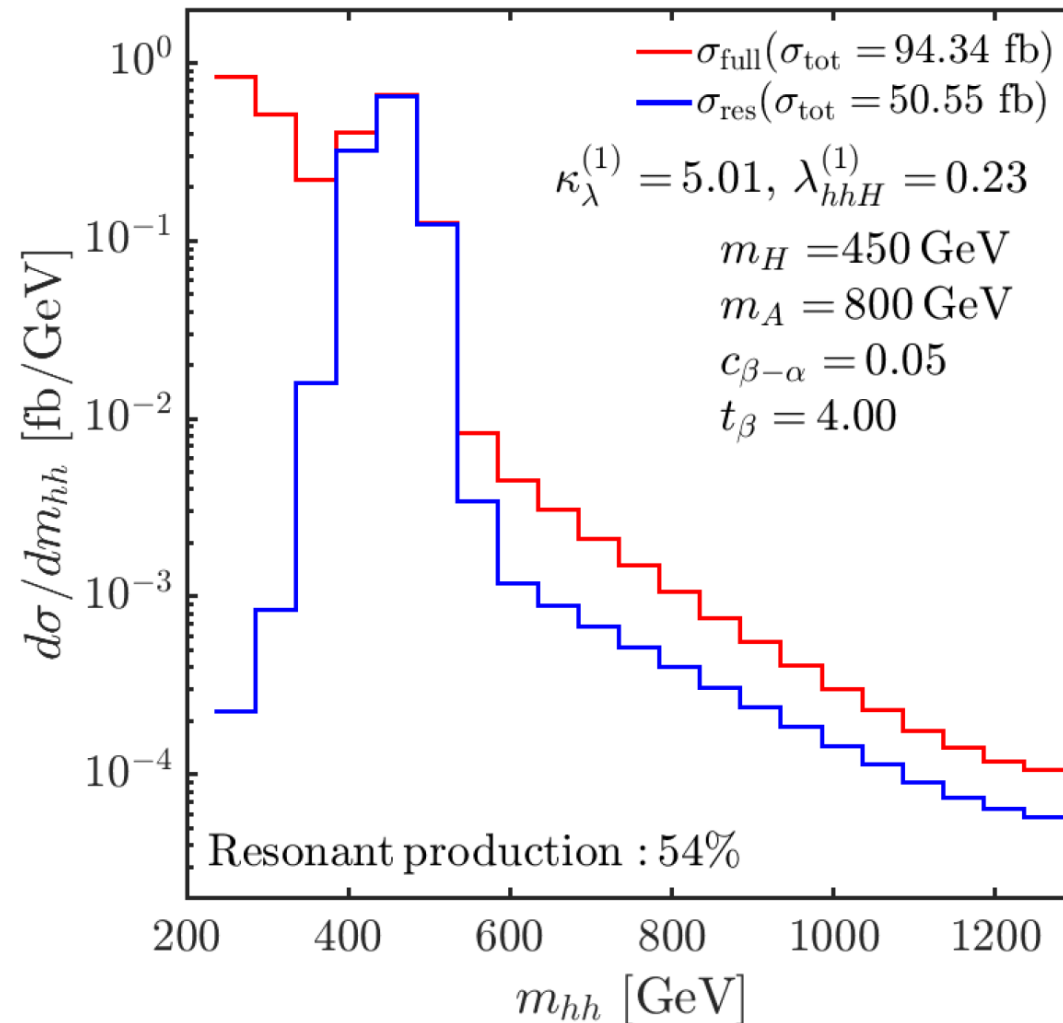


\Rightarrow experimental analysis

\Rightarrow full calculation

Experimental analysis vs. reality: real point (I)

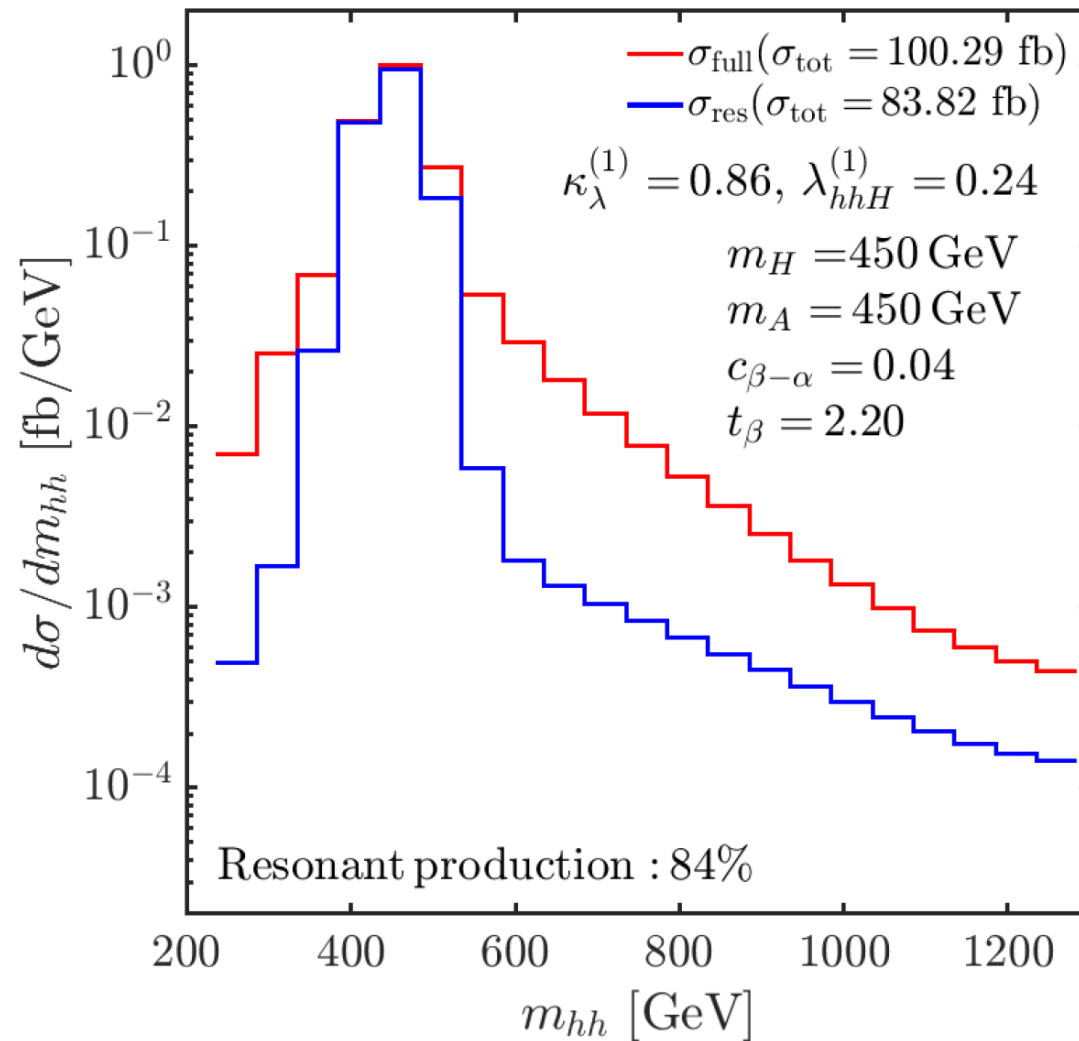
[S.H., M. Mühlleitner, K. Radchenko, G. Weiglein '24]



⇒ excluded by ATLAS resonant searches ⇔ reality: exclusion?

Experimental analysis vs. reality: real point (II)

[S.H., M. Mühlleitner, K. Radchenko, G. Weiglein '24]

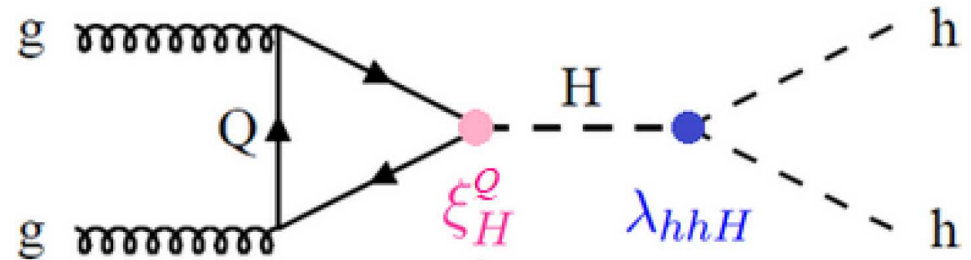
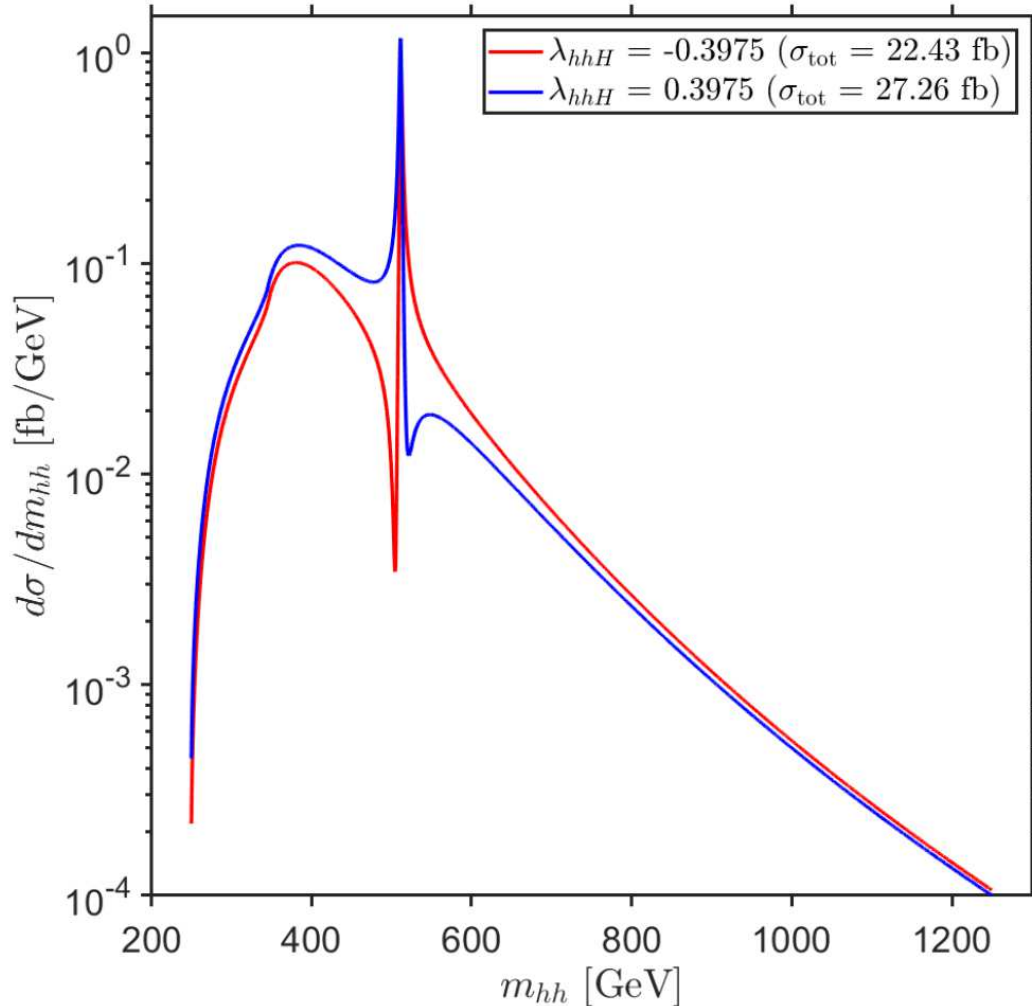


⇒ excluded by ATLAS resonant searches ⇔ reality: exclusion?

3. My first neural network analysis

Di-Higgs production at the HL-LHC: [F. Arco, S.H., M. Mühlleitner, K. Radchenko '22]

2HDM type I: $m_{A,H^\pm} = 545$ GeV, $m_H = 515$ GeV, $t_\beta = 10$, $c_{\beta-\alpha} = 0.2$, $m_{12}^2 = m_H^2 c_\alpha^2 / t_\beta$



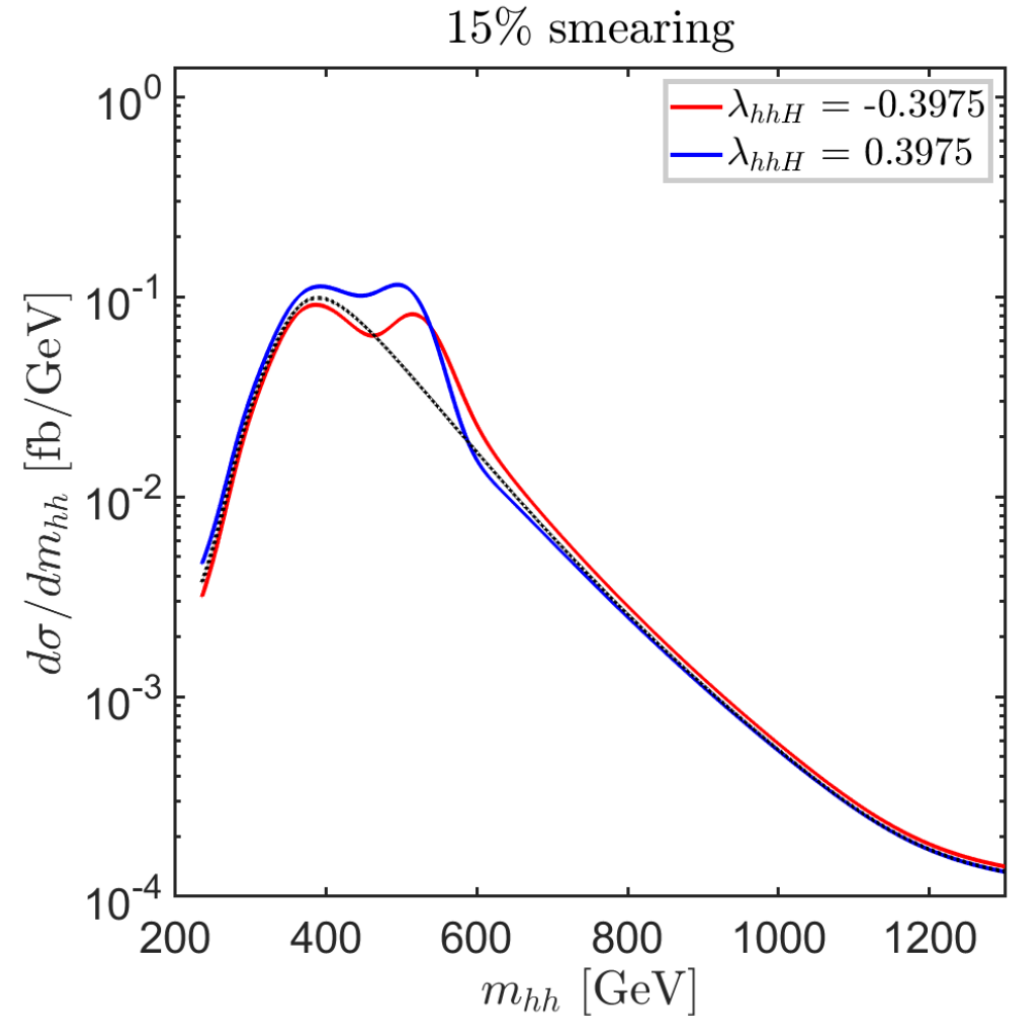
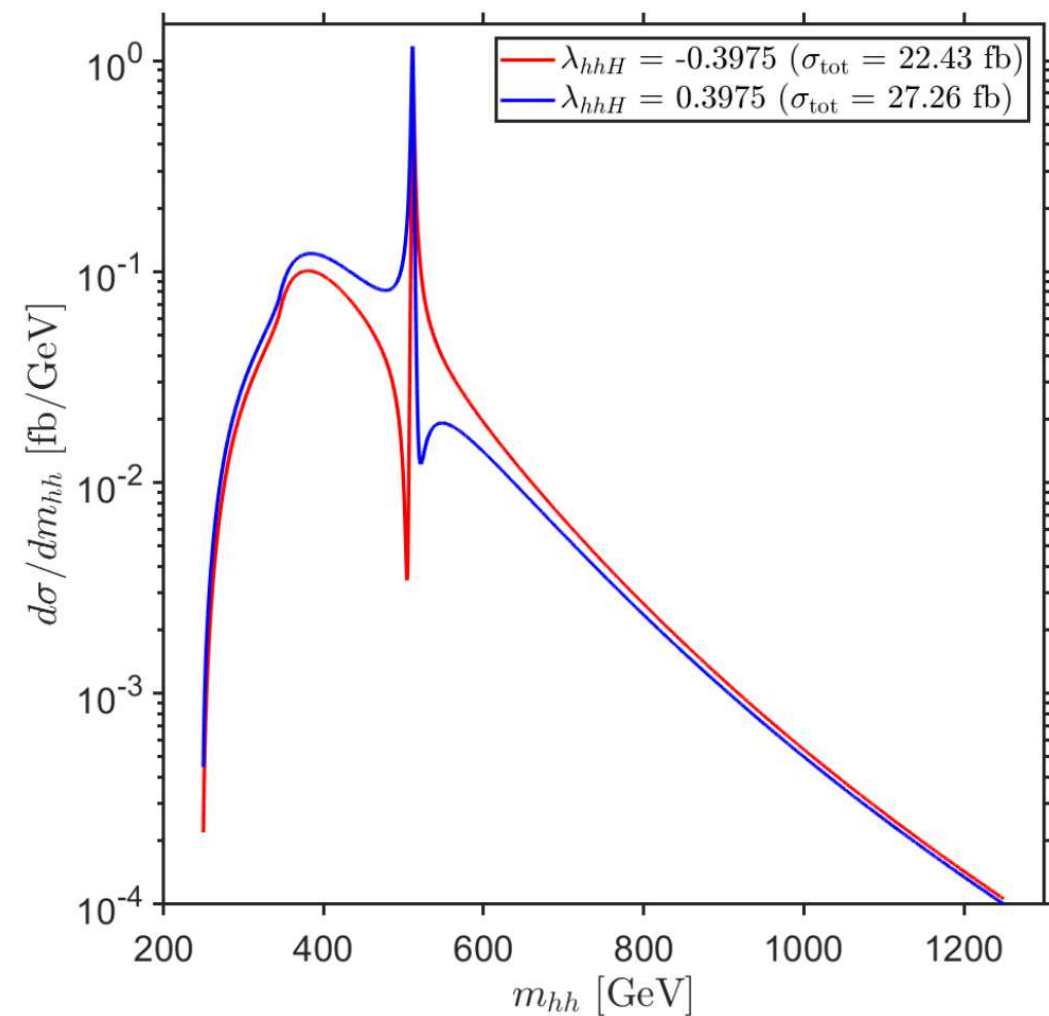
⇒ dip-peak / peak-dip from resonant H -exchange ⇒ access to $\xi_H^t \times \lambda_{hhH}$?

Di-Higgs production at the HL-LHC:

[F. Arco, S.H., M. Mühlleitner, K. Radchenko '22]

Benchmark point: 2HDM type I,

$$m_{A,H^\pm} = 545 \text{ GeV}, m_H = 515 \text{ GeV}, t_\beta = 10, c_{\beta-\alpha} = 0.2, m_{12}^2 = m_H^2 c_\alpha^2 / t_\beta$$



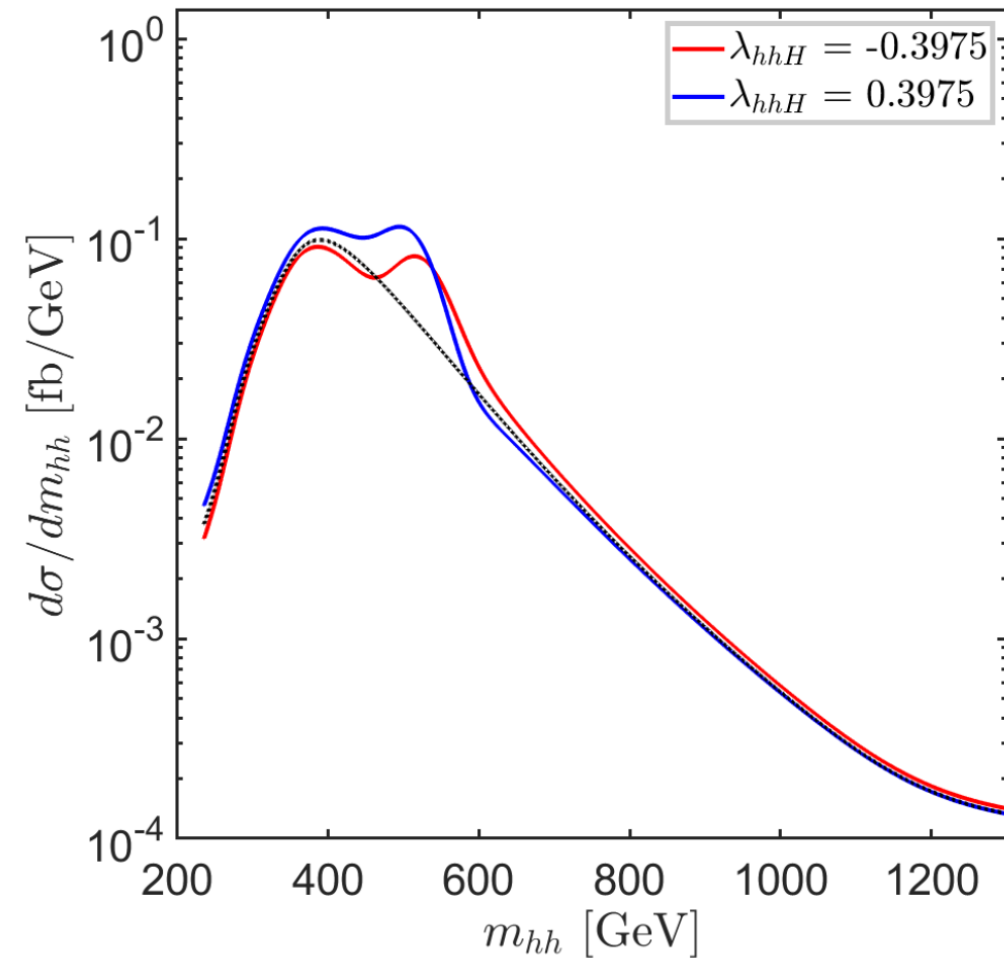
⇒ smearing of 15% applied (optimistic?) ⇒ access to $\xi_H^t \times \lambda_{hhH}$?

Di-Higgs production at the HL-LHC: [F. Arco, S.H., M. Mühlleitner, K. Radchenko '22]

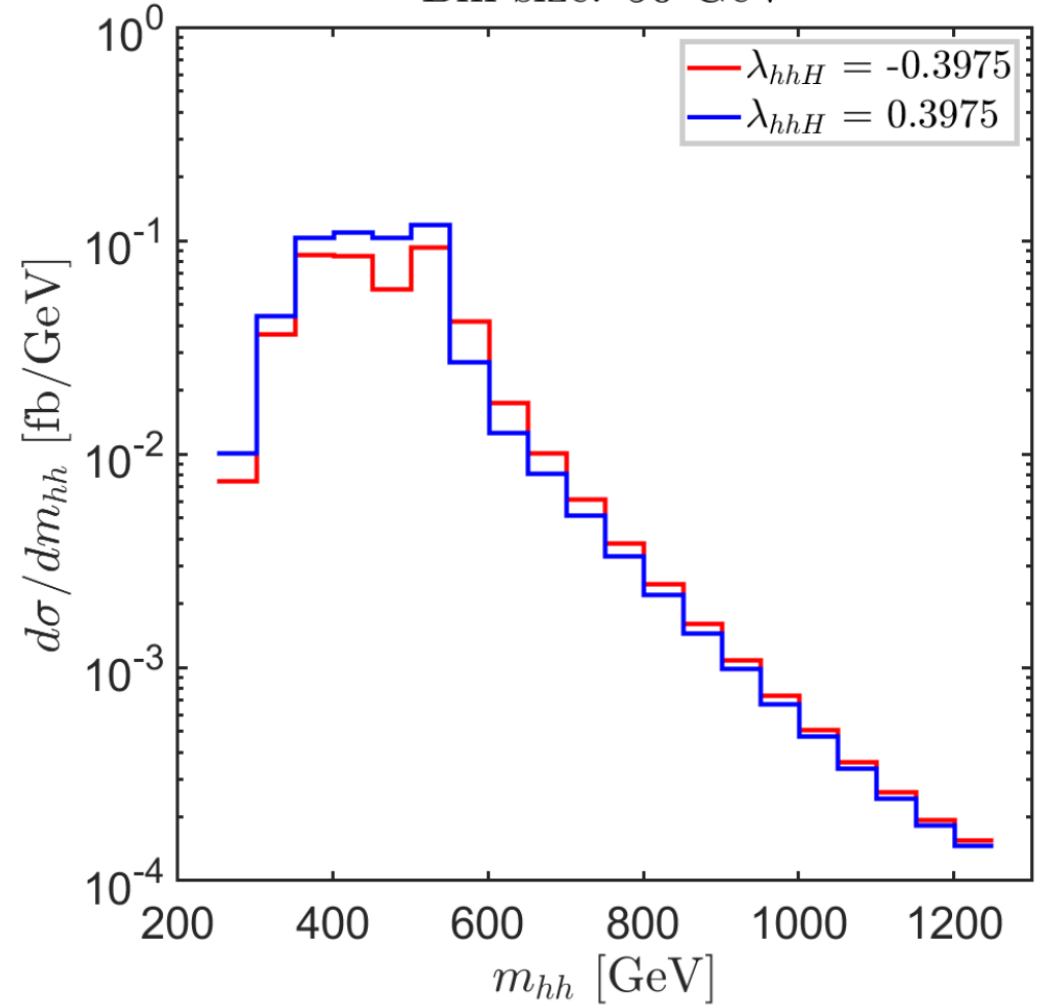
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15% smearing



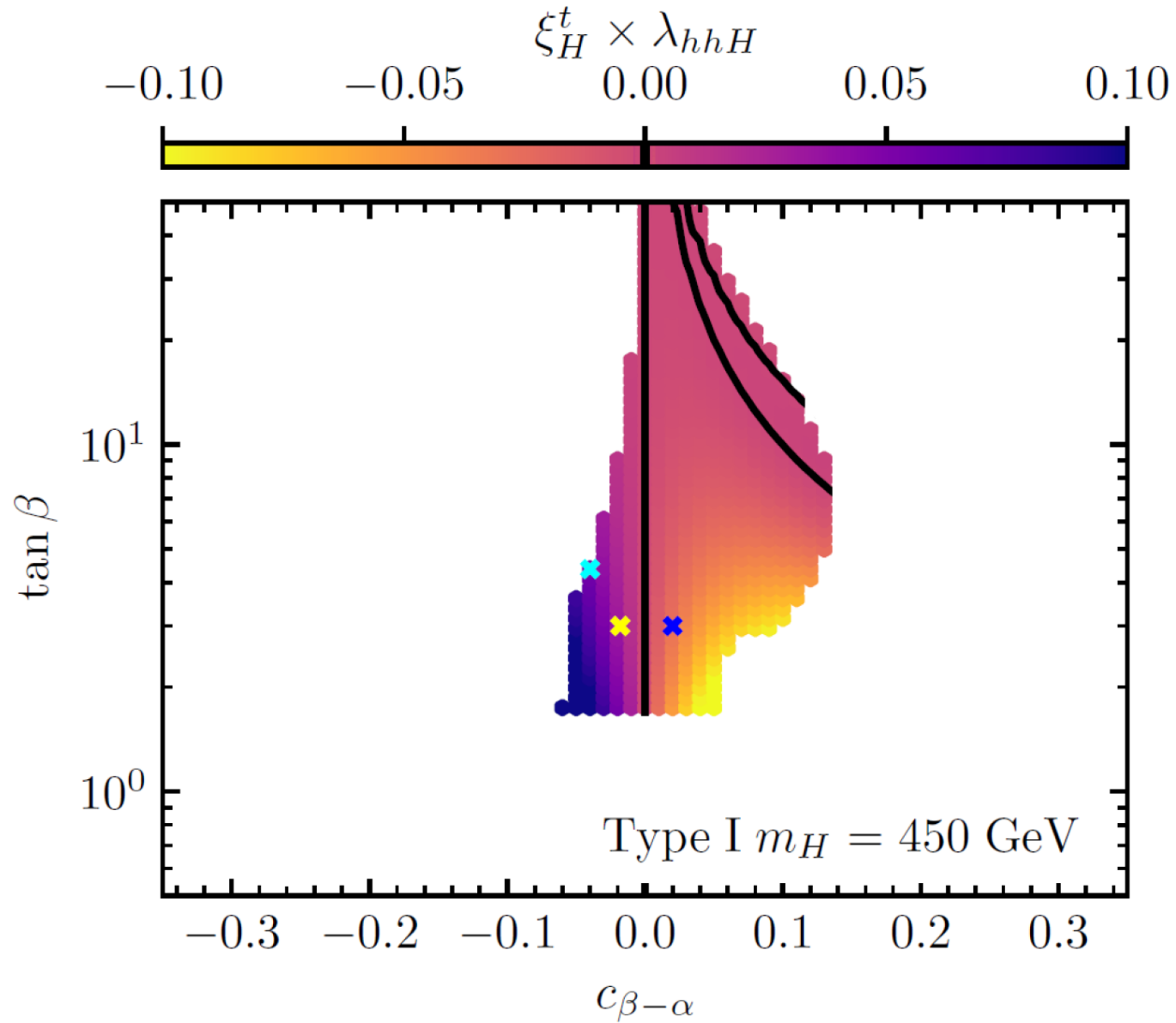
Bin size: 50 GeV



\Rightarrow binning of 50 GeV applied (realistic?) \Rightarrow access to $\xi_H^t \times \lambda_{hhH}$?

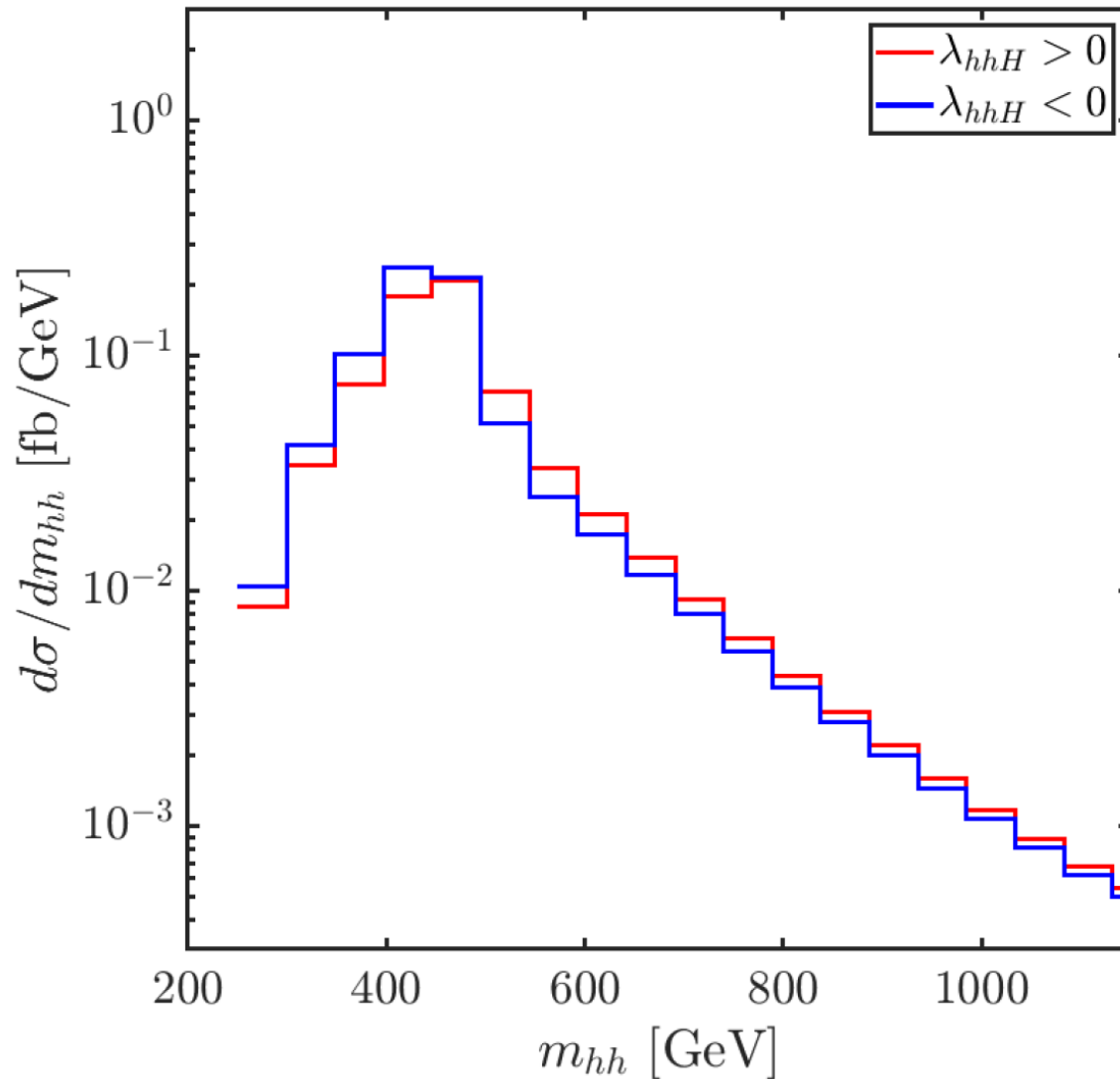
Parameter plane to train the NN:

[M. Frank, S.H., M. Mühlleitner, K. Radchenko, PRELIMINARY]



Each point yields an m_{hh} distribution \Rightarrow fed to the NN

[M. Frank, S.H., M. Mühlleitner, K. Radchenko, PRELIMINARY]

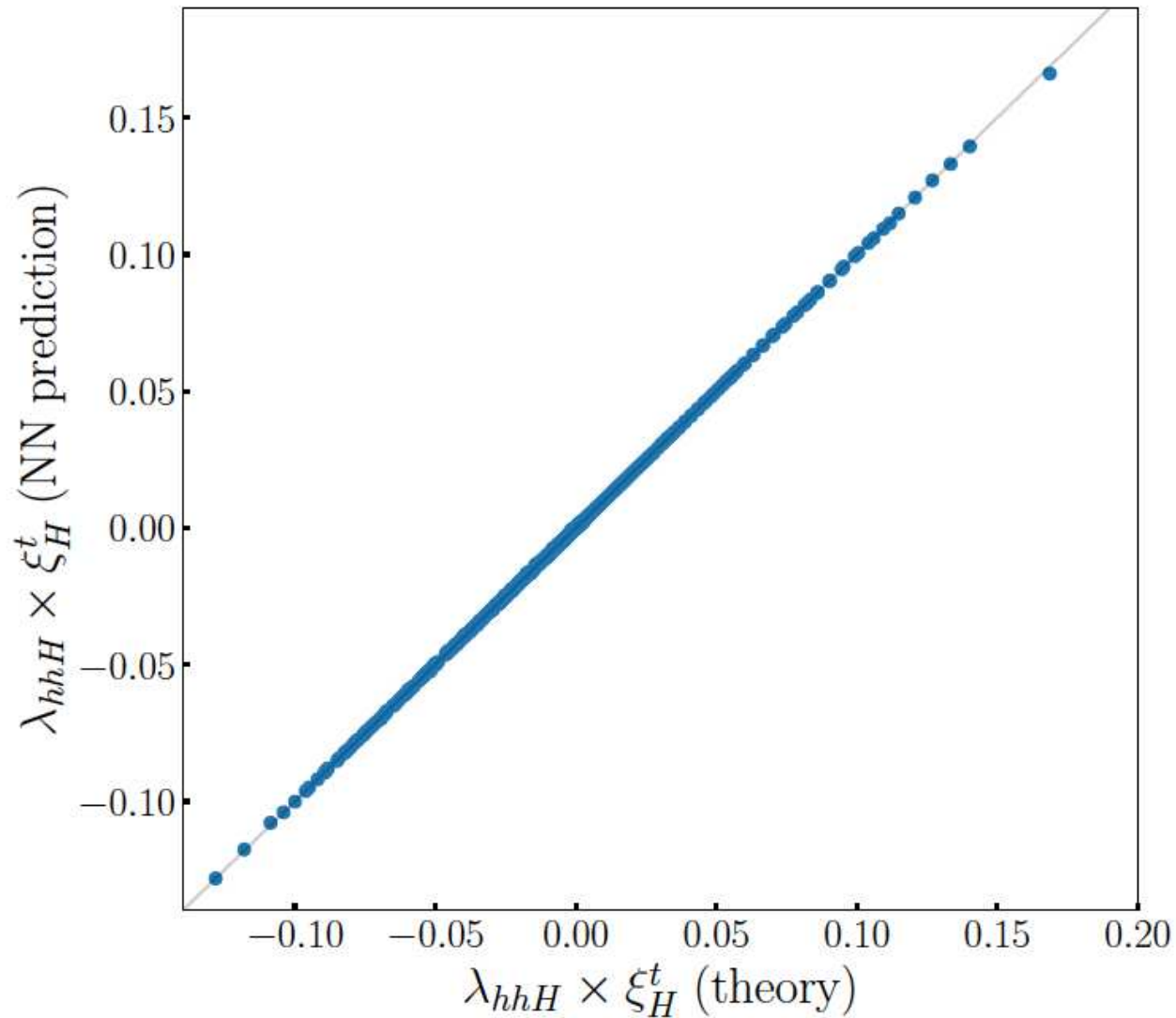


NN set-up:

- 16 input values (smeared and binned)
- 4 hidden layers with 128 nodes
- output layer to yield $\xi_H^t \times \lambda_{hhH}$
- training with 3/4 of m_{hh} distribution (randomly chosen)
- “measure” the remaining 1/4 (or ...)

Train with the correct m_{hh} distributions: \Rightarrow perfect result

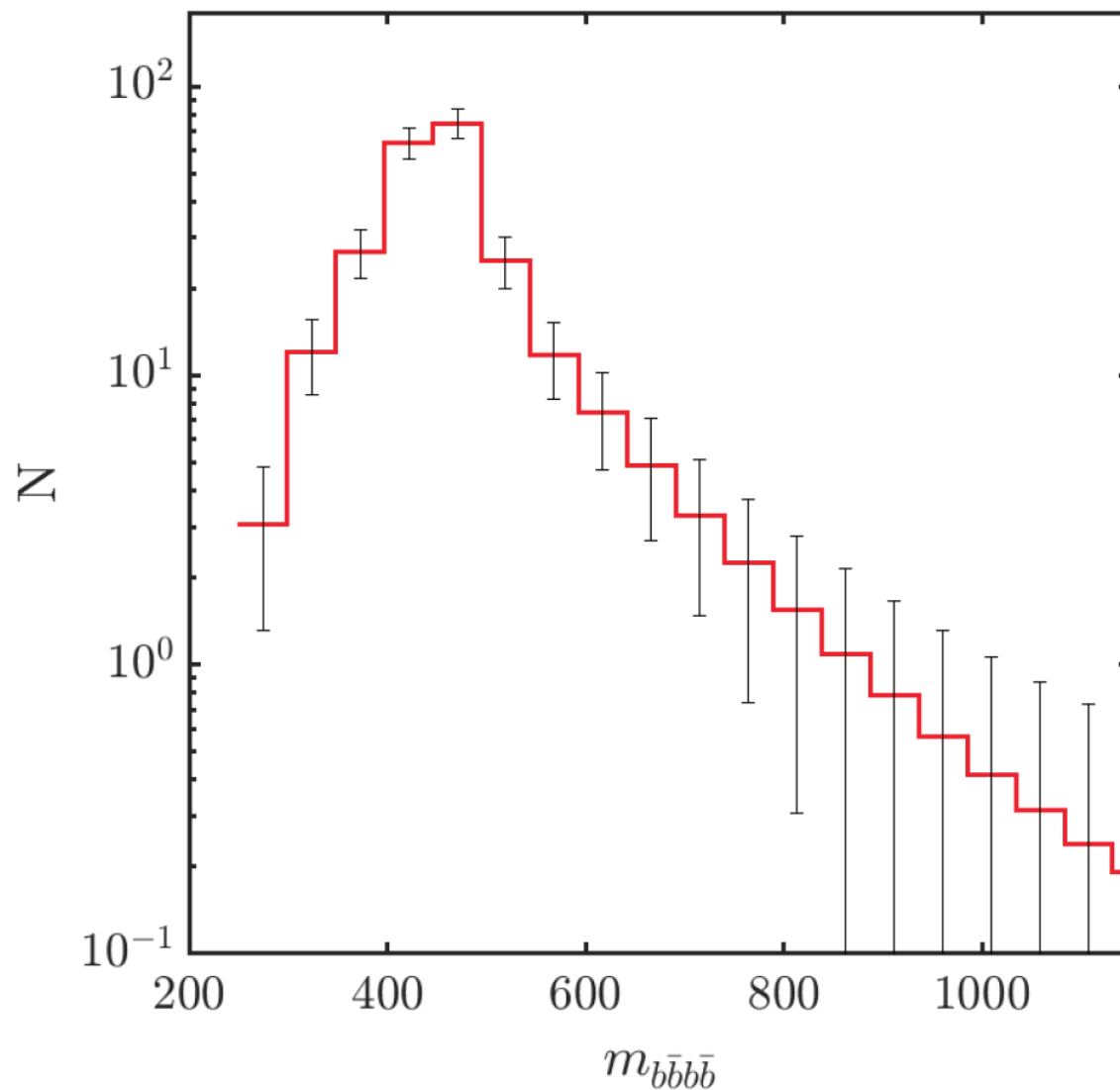
[M. Frank, S.H., M. Mühlleitner, K. Radchenko, PRELIMINARY]



\Rightarrow but not realistic . . .

“Realistic result” has statistical uncertainties ($b\bar{b} b\bar{b}$ final state):

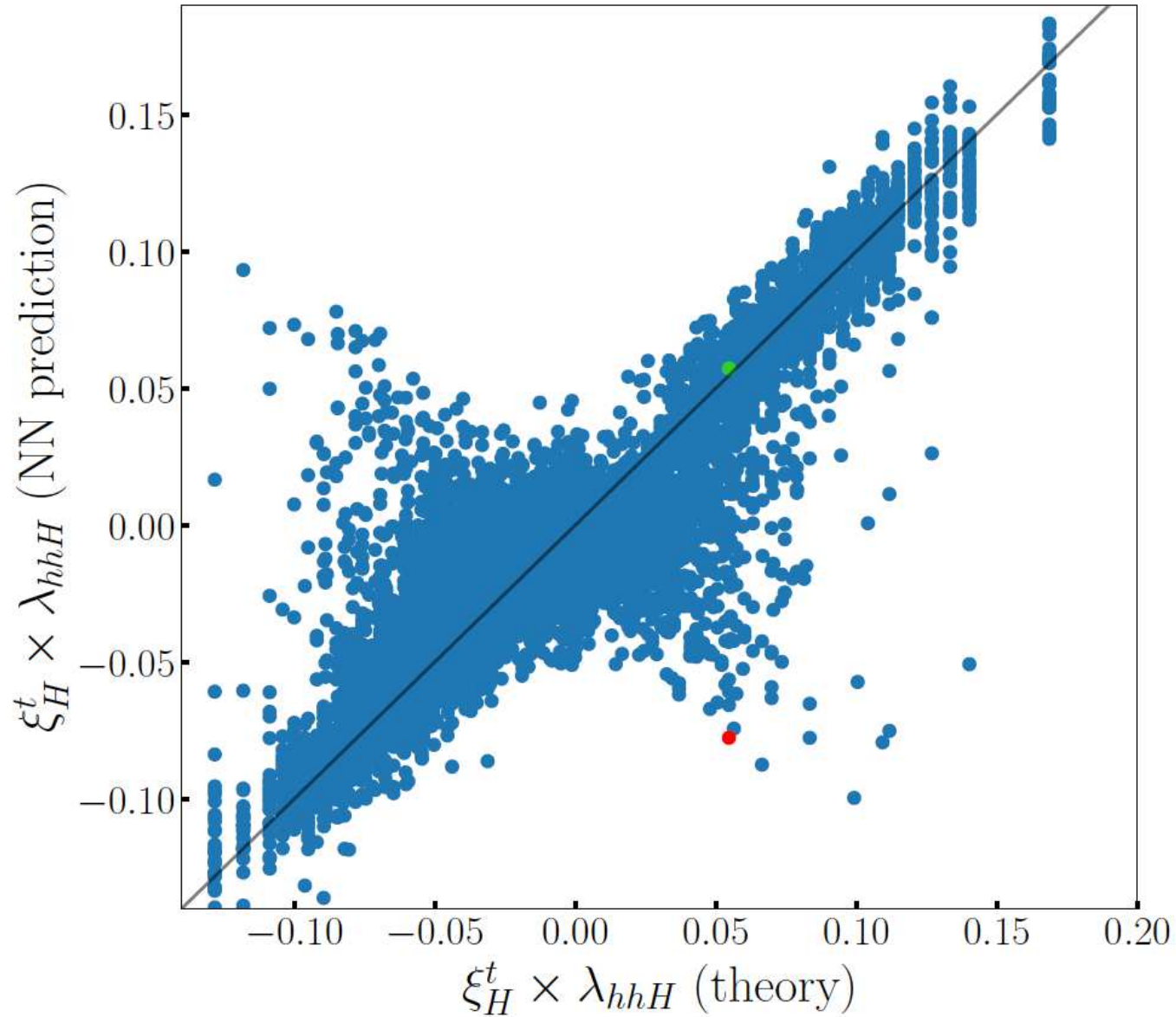
(and corr. exp. efficiencies) [M. Frank, S.H., M. Mühlleitner, K. Radchenko, PRELIMINARY]



⇒ for each point in the plane test an m_{hh} distribution statistically smeared

“Realistic” determination of $\xi_H^t \times \lambda_{hhH}$:

[M. Frank, S.H., M. Mühlleitner, K. Radchenko, PRELIMINARY]

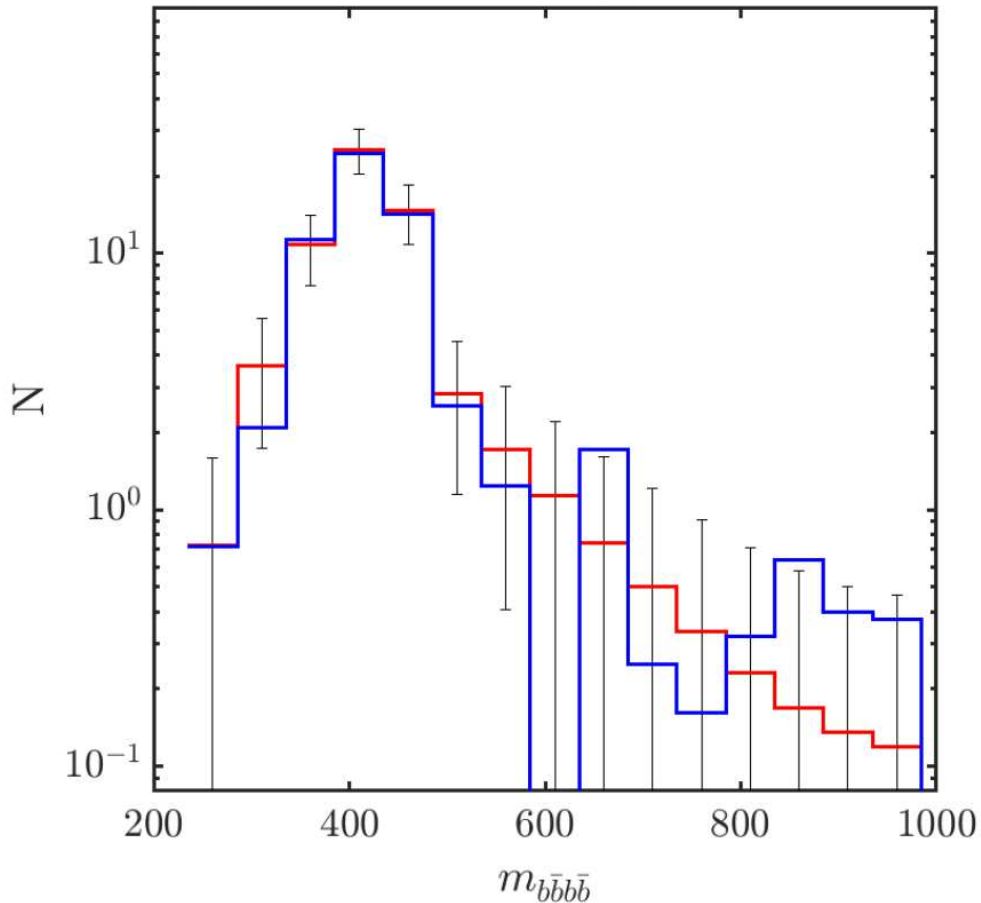


“Realistic” determination of $\xi_H^t \times \lambda_{hhH}$:

[M. Frank, S.H., M. Mühlleitner, K. Radchenko, PRELIMINARY]

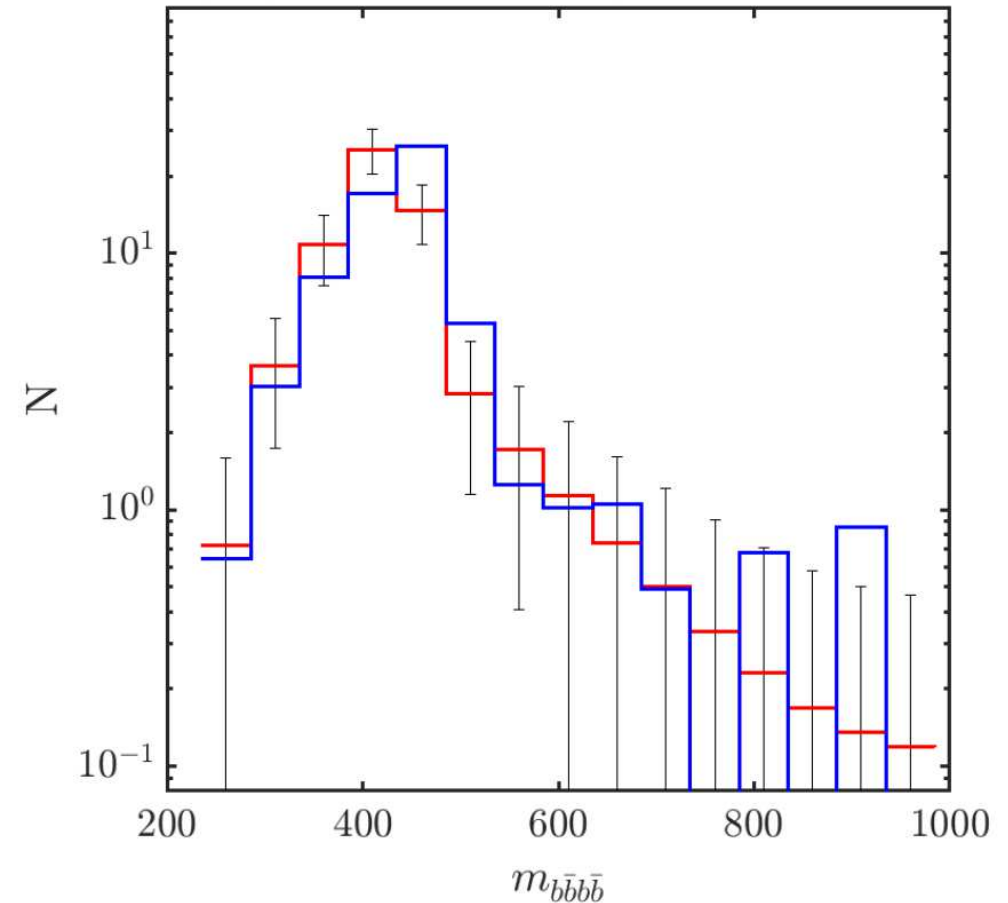
“good” point

Total (SR) efficiency: 17.3 (1) %, $m_H = 450$ GeV



“bad” point

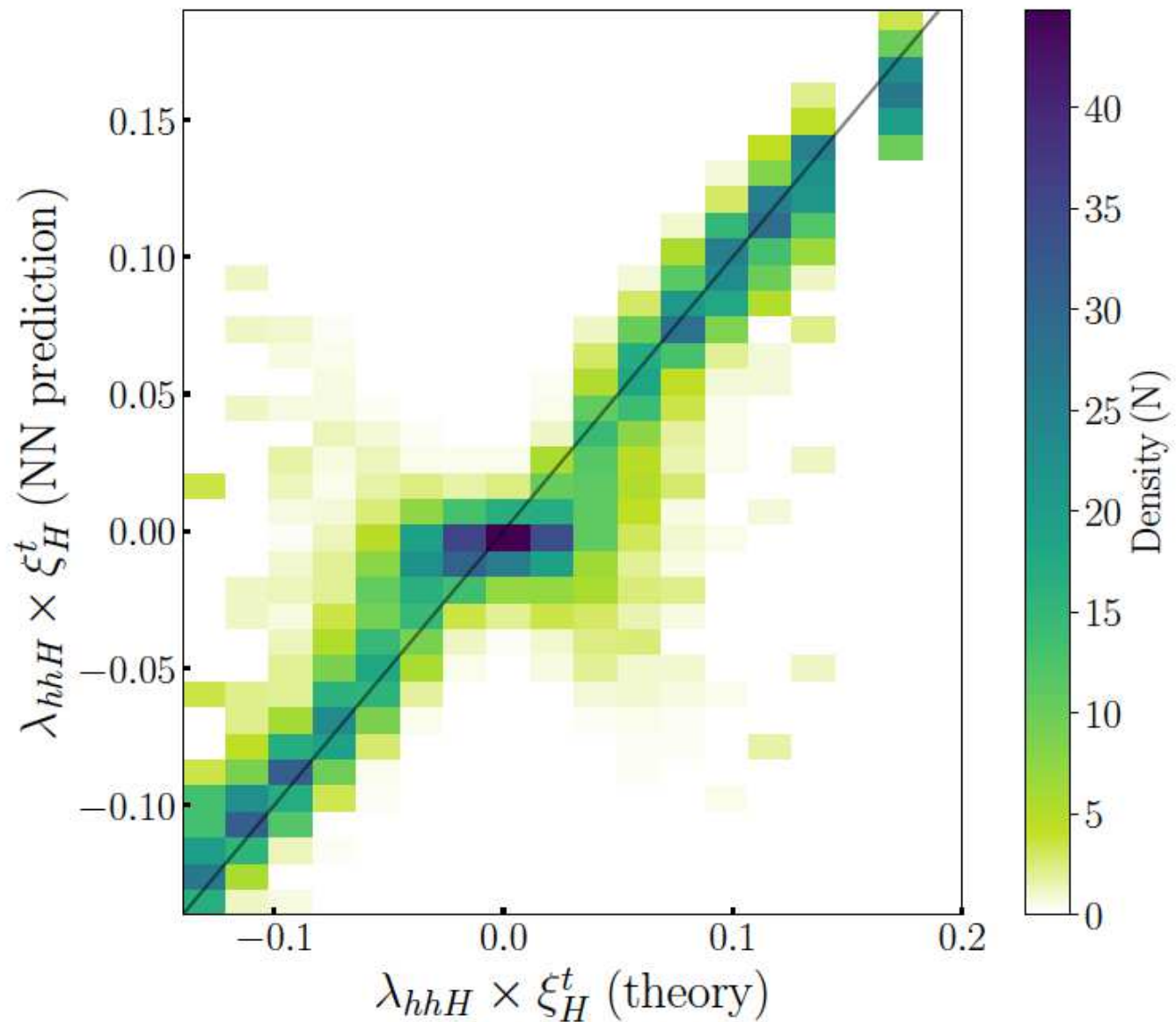
Total (SR) efficiency: 17.3 (1) %, $m_H = 450$ GeV



⇒ “good” point much more likely than “bad” points

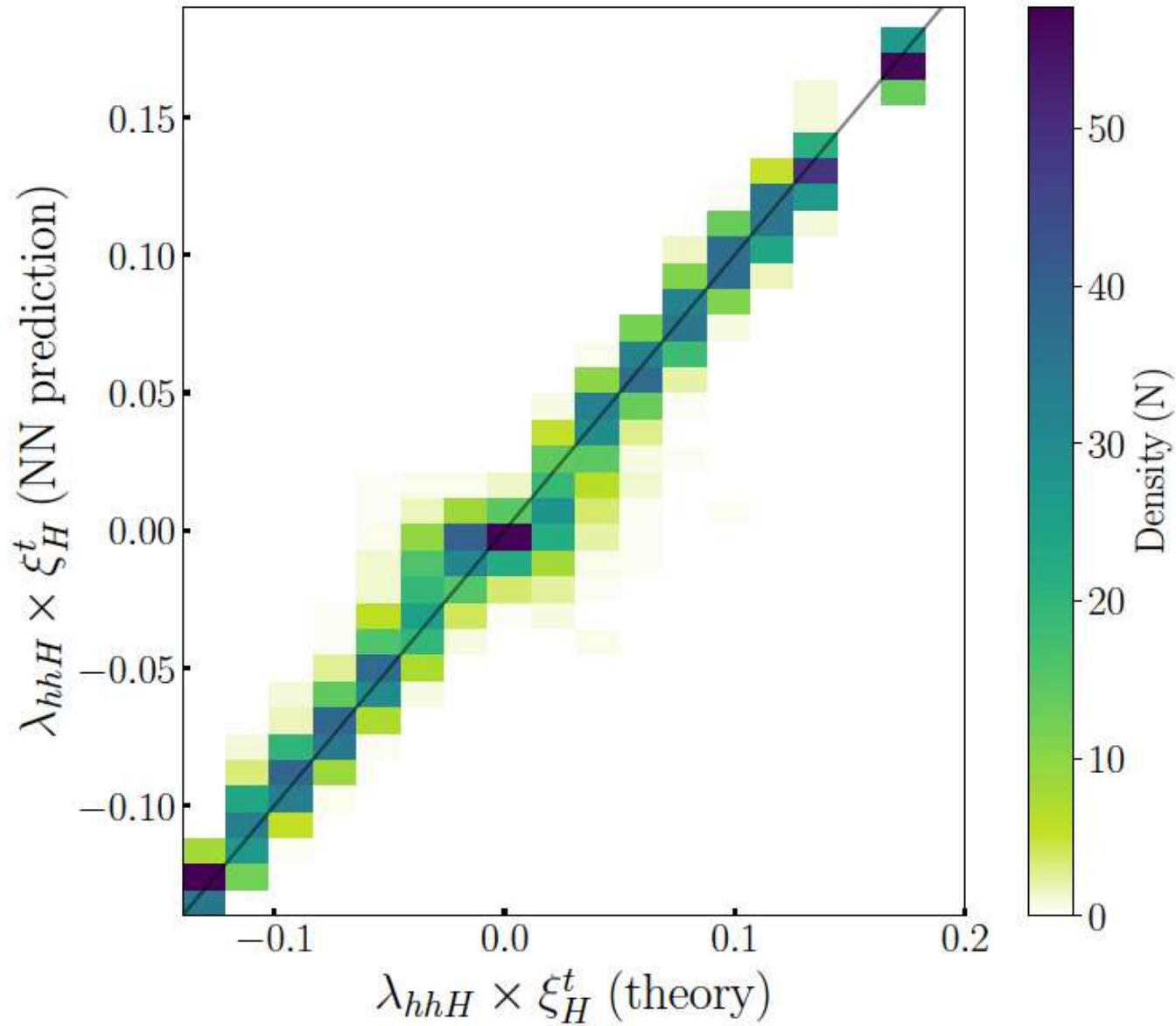
“Realistic” determination of $\lambda_{hhH} \times \xi_H^t$:

[M. Frank, S.H., M. Mühlleitner, K. Radchenko, PRELIMINARY]



Hypothetical improvement in the efficiencies by $\times 2$:

[M. Frank, S.H., M. Mühlleitner, K. Radchenko, PRELIMINARY]



4. Conclusions

- Tripe Higgs couplings are in the focus of current and future colliders
⇒ focus so far on “SM triple Higgs coupling”, $\kappa_\lambda := \lambda_{hhh}/\lambda_{hhh}^{\text{SM}}$
BSM case 1: $\kappa_\lambda \neq 1$
BSM case 2: THC that involves BSM Higgses: λ_{hhH}, \dots
⇒ Both can have a strong impact on $\sigma(gg \rightarrow hh)$ and m_{hh}
- BSM model: 2HDM: spectrum: h, H, A, H^\pm with $\lambda_{hhh}, \lambda_{hhH}, \dots$
⇒ large one-loop corrections to κ_λ of 100% ... 1000%
- Experimental searches for resonant di-Higgs production:
⇒ exp. analyses leave out interferences with non-res. diagrams
⇒ strong impact on $m_{hh} \Rightarrow$ results not reliable
- Access to $\xi_H^t \times \lambda_{hhH}$ at the HL-LHC:
interference of res. H with non-res. diagrams \Rightarrow peak-dip structure
⇒ diluted by smearing (15%) and binning (50 GeV)
- Solution: deep NN trained on realistic set of m_{hh} 's
⇒ biggest challenge: statistical uncertainty in m_{hh}
⇒ taken into account, incl. exp. efficiencies for $hh \rightarrow b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$
⇒ NN analysis shows remarkable sensitivity
⇒ extraction of $\xi_H^t \times \lambda_{hhH}$ possible

A photograph of a man with reddish-brown hair looking up at a full-body Darth Vader costume. The scene is set in a dark, industrial environment with blue lighting from overhead fixtures. The text "Further Questions?" is overlaid in white on the left side of the image.

Further Questions?