Multi-Higgs Doublet Models and symmetries

Ivo de Medeiros Varzielas

CFTP, Dep. Física, Instituto Superior Técnico, Universidade de Lisboa

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Multi-Higgs Doublet Models

Multi-Higgs Doublet Models: add more doublets.

Well motivated Beyond Standard Model scenario:

- Baryogenesis
- Dark Matter candidates
- Spontaneous CP violation (SCPV)

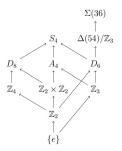


Multi-Higgs and symmetries

2HDM: Nishi (2006), Ivanov (2006, 2007)

3HDM list of realizable discrete symmetries: Ivanov, Vdovin

https://arxiv.org/abs/1210.6553

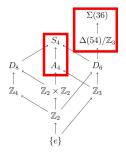


Recognizing symmetries in 3HDM in basis-independent way: IdMV, Ivanov

https://arxiv.org/abs/1903.11110

Multi-Higgs and symmetries

Realizable symmetries with triplet irreps



Recognizing symmetries in 3HDM in basis-independent way: IdMV, Ivanov

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My talk today

FCNC-free multi-Higgs-doublet models from broken family symmetries: IdMV, Talbert

https://arxiv.org/abs/1908.10979

Exploring multi-Higgs models with softly broken large discrete symmetry groups: IdMV, Ivanov, Levy

https://arxiv.org/abs/2107.08227

Softly-broken A_4 or S_4 3HDMs with stable states: IdMV, Ivo

https://arxiv.org/abs/2202.00681

MHDMs and Flavour

See talks by Botella, Haber.

Residual symmetries

 $T_A \langle \phi \rangle_A = \langle \phi \rangle_A$

$$A \to T_A A$$
, with $A \in \{u_L, u_R, d_L, d_R, l_L, e_R\}$,
 $T_A = \operatorname{diag}\left(e^{i\alpha_A}, e^{i\beta_A}, e^{i\gamma_A}\right)$.

FCNC in MHDM

$$\begin{split} \mathcal{L}^{Y} &= -\sum_{k=1}^{N} \left\{ \bar{Q}'_{L} \left(Y_{k}^{d,\prime} H'_{k} \, d'_{R} + Y_{k}^{u,\prime} \, \tilde{H}'_{k} \, u'_{R} \right) \right. \\ &+ \bar{L}'_{L} Y_{k}^{e,\prime} \, H'_{k} \, e'_{R} + h.c. \right\}. \end{split}$$

Higgs Basis

$$\begin{split} H_1 &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\begin{array}{c} \sqrt{2} \, G^+ \\ v + S_1^0 + i G^0 \end{array} \right), \ H_{k>1} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\begin{array}{c} \sqrt{2} \, S_k^+ \\ S_k^0 + i P_k^0 \end{array} \right), \\ \mathcal{L}^Y &= - \left(1 + \frac{S_1^0}{v} \right) \left(\bar{d}_L m_d d_R + \bar{u}_L m_u u_R + \bar{l}_L m_e e_R \right) \\ &- \frac{1}{v} \sum_{k=2}^N \left(S_k^0 + i P_k^0 \right) \left(\bar{d}_L Y_k^d d_R + \bar{u}_L Y_k^u u_R + \bar{l}_L Y_k^e e_R \right) + \frac{1}{v} \sum_{k=2}^N \left(\bar{u}_L V Y_k^d d_R - \bar{u}_R Y_k^{u,\dagger} V d_L + \bar{\nu}_L Y_k^e e_R \right) \\ &+ h.c. \, . \end{split}$$

Yukawa alignment from residual symmetries

MHDMs and FCNCs

$$Y_k^A \stackrel{!}{=} T_A Y_k^A T_A^{\dagger}, \qquad \text{Alignment}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} Y_{11} & e^{i(\alpha_{l}-\beta_{l})}\,Y_{12} & e^{i(\alpha_{l}-\gamma_{l})}\,Y_{13} \\ e^{i(\beta_{l}-\alpha_{l})}\,Y_{21} & Y_{22} & e^{i(\beta_{l}-\gamma_{l})}\,Y_{23} \\ e^{i(\gamma_{l}-\alpha_{l})}\,Y_{31} & e^{i(\gamma_{l}-\beta_{l})}\,Y_{32} & Y_{33} \end{pmatrix} \stackrel{!}{=} \begin{pmatrix} Y_{11} & Y_{12} & Y_{13} \\ Y_{21} & Y_{22} & Y_{23} \\ Y_{31} & Y_{32} & Y_{33} \end{pmatrix}$$

"Realitic Toy Mostel"
$$A_{\downarrow} \text{ with } \langle p_{\ell} \rangle \propto \begin{pmatrix} g \\ g \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{H'_{1}}{\Lambda} (y_{\ell}^{1} [\bar{L}_{L} \phi_{l}]^{e}_{R} + y_{\mu}^{1} [\bar{L}_{L} \phi_{l}]^{\prime} \mu_{R} + y_{\tau}^{1} [\bar{L}_{L} \phi_{l}]^{\prime\prime} \tau_{R}) +$$

$$\frac{\Lambda}{\Lambda} \left(y_e[\bar{L}_L \varphi_l] e_R + y_\mu [\bar{L}_L \varphi_l] \mu_R + y_\tau [\bar{L}_L \varphi_l] \tau_R \right) + \frac{H_2'}{\Lambda} \left(y_e^2 [\bar{L}_L \varphi_l] e_R + y_\mu^2 [\bar{L}_L \varphi_l]' \mu_R + y_\tau^2 [\bar{L}_L \varphi_l]'' \tau_R \right) .$$

$$Y_1^{e,\prime} = \frac{v_l}{\Lambda} \begin{pmatrix} y_e^l & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & y_\mu^l & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & y_\tau^l \end{pmatrix}, \ Y_2^{e,\prime} = \frac{v_l}{\Lambda} \begin{pmatrix} y_e^2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & y_\mu^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & y_\tau^2 \end{pmatrix}.$$

MHDMs and Symmetries

See talks by Brée, Grzadkowski, Ivanov.

Soft breaking terms

$$A_{1}$$
, S_{1} , $\Delta (S_{1})$, $\Sigma (S_{6})$
 $V_{0} = -m^{2}(\phi_{1}^{\dagger}\phi_{1} + \phi_{2}^{\dagger}\phi_{2} + \phi_{2}^{\dagger}\phi_{3}) + V_{4}$.

$$V_{\rm soft} = m_{11}^2 \phi_1^\dagger \phi_1 + m_{22}^2 \phi_2^\dagger \phi_2 + m_{33}^2 \phi_3^\dagger \phi_3 + \left(m_{12}^2 \phi_1^\dagger \phi_2 + m_{23}^2 \phi_2^\dagger \phi_3 + m_{31}^2 \phi_3^\dagger \phi_1 + h.c. \right)$$

$\Sigma(36)$

Start

$$\begin{split} V_0 &= -m^2 \left[\phi_1^\dagger \phi_1 + \phi_2^\dagger \phi_2 + \phi_3^\dagger \phi_3 \right] + \lambda_1 \left[\phi_1^\dagger \phi_1 + \phi_2^\dagger \phi_2 + \phi_3^\dagger \phi_3 \right]^2 \\ &- \lambda_2 \left[|\phi_1^\dagger \phi_2|^2 + |\phi_2^\dagger \phi_3|^2 + |\phi_3^\dagger \phi_1|^2 - (\phi_1^\dagger \phi_1)(\phi_2^\dagger \phi_2) - (\phi_2^\dagger \phi_2)(\phi_3^\dagger \phi_3) - (\phi_3^\dagger \phi_3)(\phi_1^\dagger \phi_1) \right] \\ &+ \lambda_3 \left(|\phi_1^\dagger \phi_2 - \phi_2^\dagger \phi_3|^2 + |\phi_2^\dagger \phi_3 - \phi_3^\dagger \phi_1|^2 + |\phi_3^\dagger \phi_1 - \phi_1^\dagger \phi_2|^2 \right) \,. \end{split}$$

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 \begin{array}{lll} \text{alignment } A \colon & A_1 = (\omega, \, 1, \, 1) \,, & A_2 = (1, \, \omega, \, 1), & A_3 = (1, \, 1, \, \omega) \\ \text{alignment } A' \colon & A'_1 = (\omega^2, \, 1, \, 1) \,, & A'_2 = (1, \, \omega^2, \, 1), & A'_3 = (1, \, 1, \, \omega^2) \\ \text{alignment } B \colon & B_1 = (1, \, 0, \, 0) \,, & B_2 = (0, \, 1, \, 0), & B_3 = (0, \, 0, \, 1) \\ \text{alignment } C \colon & C_1 = (1, \, 1, \, 1) \,, & C_2 = (1, \, \omega, \, \omega^2) \,, & C_3 = (1, \, \omega^2, \, \omega) \\ \end{array}
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$\Sigma(36)$ masses

$$\begin{array}{lll} \bigwedge \ \ \bigwedge \ \ & M_{h_{SM}}^2 &=& 2\lambda_1 v^2 = 2m^2 \,, \\ \\ m_{H^\pm}^2 &=& \frac{1}{2}\lambda_2 v^2 \quad \text{(double degenerate)} \,, \\ \\ m_h^2 &=& \frac{1}{2}\lambda_3 v^2 \quad \text{(double degenerate)} \,, \\ \\ m_H^2 &=& 3m_h^2 = \frac{3}{2}\lambda_3 v^2 \quad \text{(double degenerate)} \,. \end{array}$$

MHDMs with softly broken large discrete groups

$$\begin{split} m_{h_{SM}}^2 &= 2(\lambda_1 + \lambda_3)v^2 = 2m^2\,,\\ m_{H^\pm}^2 &= \frac{1}{2}(\lambda_2 - 3\lambda_3)v^2 \quad \text{(double degenerate)}\,,\\ m_h^2 &= -\frac{1}{2}\lambda_3v^2 \quad \text{(double degenerate)}\,,\\ m_H^2 &= 3m_h^2 = -\frac{3}{5}\lambda_3v^2 \quad \text{(double degenerate)}\,. \end{split}$$

NO SCPV

Alignment preserving soft breaking

$$\frac{\partial V_0}{\partial \phi_i^*} = -m^2 \phi_i + \frac{\partial V_4}{\partial \phi_i^*} = 0 \,. \label{eq:continuous}$$

Add

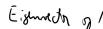
$$\begin{split} V_{\text{soft}} = \phi_i^\dagger M_{ij} \phi_j \,, \quad M_{ij} = \begin{pmatrix} m_{11}^2 & m_{12}^2 & (m_{31}^2)^* \\ (m_{12}^2)^* & m_{22}^2 & m_{23}^2 \\ m_{31}^2 & (m_{23}^2)^* & m_{33}^2 \end{pmatrix} \,, \end{split}$$

$$\frac{\partial V}{\partial \phi_i^*} = M_{ij}\phi_j - m^2\phi_i + \frac{\partial V_4}{\partial \phi_i^*} = 0 \,. \label{eq:delta_poisson}$$

$$\left. \frac{\partial V_4}{\partial \phi_i^*} \right|_{V_0 \text{ extremum}} = m^2 \phi_i \big|_{V_0 \text{ extremum}} \, .$$

$$\frac{\partial V_4}{\partial \phi_i^*}\Big|_{V \text{ extremum}} = \zeta^2 \cdot m^2 \phi_i \Big|_{V \text{ extremum}}$$

$$M_{ij}\phi_j = (1 - \zeta^2)m^2\phi_i$$



Summary

Example (1, 1, 1)

$$M_{ij} = \mu_1 \, n_{1i} n_{1j}^* + \mu_2 \, n_{2i} n_{2j}^* + \mu_3 \, n_{3i} n_{3j}^*.$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} (, ', ') \end{pmatrix} \qquad \begin{pmatrix} (, ', ') \end{pmatrix} \qquad \begin{pmatrix} (, ', ') \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{n}_i = \mathcal{U}_{ij}\vec{e}_j$$
, $i, j = 2, 3$, where $\mathcal{U} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & e^{i\xi} \sin \theta \\ -e^{-i\xi} \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{pmatrix}$.

$$\Sigma = \mu_2 + \mu_3$$
, $\delta = \mu_2 - \mu_3$, θ , ξ .

Universal results

Start

Universal Coretion (A,A',B,C)

$$\Delta m_{H_1^{\pm}}^2 = \mu_2 = \frac{\Sigma + \delta}{2}, \quad \Delta m_{H_2^{\pm}}^2 = \mu_3 = \frac{\Sigma - \delta}{2}.$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} m_{h_1}^2 & = & \frac{1}{2} \left(2|\lambda_3|v^2 + \Sigma - \sqrt{(\lambda_3 v^2)^2 + \delta^2 + 2x|\lambda_3||\delta|v^2} \right), \\ m_{h_2}^2 & = & \frac{1}{2} \left(2|\lambda_3|v^2 + \Sigma - \sqrt{(\lambda_3 v^2)^2 + \delta^2 - 2x|\lambda_3||\delta|v^2} \right), \end{array}$$

$$m_{H_1}^2 = \frac{1}{2} \left(2|\lambda_3|v^2 + \Sigma + \sqrt{(\lambda_3 v^2)^2 + \delta^2 - 2x|\lambda_3||\delta|v^2} \right),$$

$$m_{H_2}^2 = \frac{1}{2} \left(2|\lambda_3|v^2 + \Sigma + \sqrt{(\lambda_3 v^2)^2 + \delta^2 + 2x|\lambda_3||\delta|v^2} \right),$$

$$x = \sqrt{1 - (\sin 2\theta \sin \xi)^2}.$$

All non Son Misses dicas (none dicass suppressed. displaced services?)

A_4 , S_4 : Dark Matter candidates

An,
$$S_{1}$$
, $(1,0,0)$ Algument
$$\rho = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & & \\ & -1 & \\ & & & \end{pmatrix},$$
The AP SBPs presser P!

Pank Matter Candidates

Not a second pather!
$$\Delta(S4), (1,0,0) \text{ Algument}$$

$$\rho_{22} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & & \\ & & & \end{pmatrix}, \text{ but } M_{21} \neq M_{33}$$

Conclusions

MHDMs and FCNCs

- Multi-Higgs with symmetries are well motivated.
- Symmetries control flavour changing processes.
- Softly broken symmetries interesting phenomenology.
- Multi-Higgs with softly broken A₄, S₄ Dark Matter.